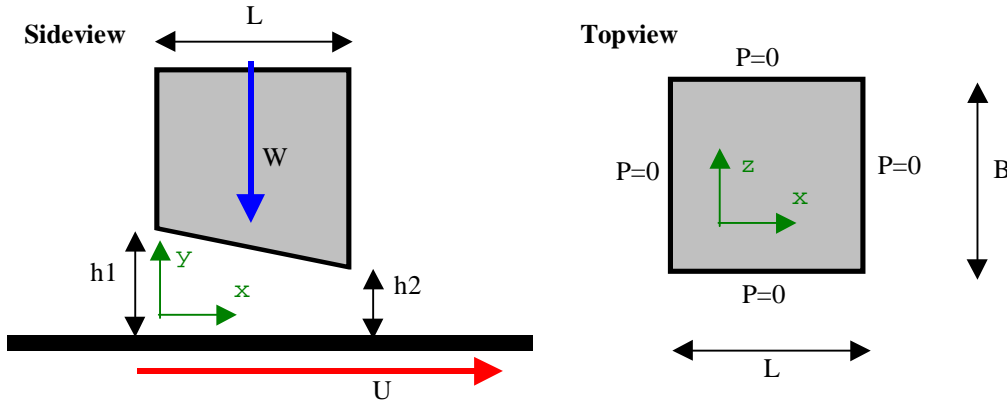


Performance of 1D-Slider Bearing



$$h(x) := h_2 \cdot \left[\alpha + (1 - \alpha) \cdot \frac{x}{L} \right]^2$$

$$\alpha := \frac{h_1}{h_2}$$

film thickness profile

(SI units)

U: surface speed - varies

Bearing geometry:

$L_{\text{min}} := 0.06$ m length and width of bearing

$\text{taper_angle} := 0.001$ rads (machined)

$B := 0.180$

Fluid properties $\mu_{\text{in}} := 0.0597$ Pa-sec $\rho := 878$ kg/m³ $c_p := 1880$ J/kg-degC

$\alpha_v := 0.0414$ 1/degC viscosity temperature coefficient

Operating conditions:

$T_{\text{inlet}} := 40$ degC - inlet temperature

$\kappa_T := 0.80$ thermal convection parameter

$W := 20000$ N external load

visc-Temperature relationship $\mu(T) := \mu_{\text{in}} \cdot e^{-\alpha_v \cdot (T - T_{\text{inlet}})}$

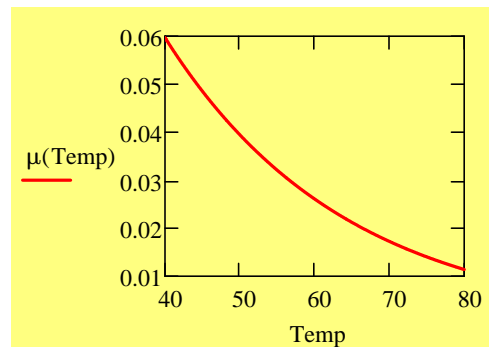
Calculated performance (Vary runner surface speed)

$U_{\text{min}} := 2$ $U_{\text{max}} := 20$ [m/s]

Number of cases: $N_{\text{cases}} := 10$

Convergence params in load & temperature:

$W_{\text{eps}} := 0.001$ $T_{\text{eps}} := 0.05$



GUESS values:

$h_2 := 20 \cdot 10^{-6}$ $T_{\text{out}} := 55$

based on experience

Specific pressure (bars)

tapered height (h1-h2) taper := taper_angle · L taper = 6×10^{-5} m

$$P_{\text{spec}} := \frac{W}{L \cdot B \cdot 10^5}$$

EXPAND regions below to display code

$P_{\text{spec}} = 18.519$

▣ slider bearing parameters

```

Find_pars(h2, U, T_out) :=
  T_eff ← 0.5 · (T_inlet + T_out)
  μ_eff ← μ(T_eff)
  α ←  $\frac{\text{taper}}{h_2} + 1$ 
  q ←  $\frac{\alpha}{1 + \alpha}$ 
  P_max ←  $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(\alpha - 1)}{\alpha \cdot (1 + \alpha)}$ 
  w ←  $\frac{1}{(1 - \alpha)^2} \cdot \left[ \ln(\alpha) + 2 \cdot \frac{(1 - \alpha)}{(1 + \alpha)} \right]$ 
  f ←  $-1 \cdot \left( \frac{6}{1 + \alpha} + 4 \cdot \frac{\ln(\alpha)}{1 - \alpha} \right)$ 
  t ←  $\frac{f}{q}$ 
  C_pre ←  $\mu_{\text{eff}} \cdot U \cdot \frac{L}{h_2^2}$ 
  Force ← 6 · C_pre · B · L · w
  Q ← q · U · h_2 · B
  ShearF ← f · C_pre · B · h_2
  ΔT ←  $t \cdot \kappa_T \cdot \frac{C_{\text{pre}}}{(\rho \cdot c_p)}$ 
  T_out ← T_inlet + ΔT
  P_max ← P_max · C_pre · 6
  (h2 T_eff Force ShearF Q · 60000 T_out μ_eff P_max)

```

slider bearing parameters

imax := 24 Max number of steps for convergence

Iterative loop

```

Find_filmT(h2, U, T_out, imax) :=
  i ← 0
  s ← Find_pars(h2, U, T_out)
  Force ← s0, 2
  T_out ← s0, 5
  F_ratio ← Force / W
  h2old ← h2
  Forceold ← Force
  h2 ← (h2 · 1.05) if F_ratio > 1.01
        (h2 · 0.95) if F_ratio < 1.01
  T_outold ← s0, 5 + 10
  while (i < imax) ∧ (|F_ratio - 1| > W_eps) ∧ (|T_out - T_outold| > T_eps)
    i ← i + 1
    T_outold ← T_out
    s ← Find_pars(h2, U, T_out)
    Force ← s0, 2
    Δh ← h2 - h2old
    K ← -(Force - Forceold) / (Δh)
    h2old ← h2
    Forceold ← Force
    F_ratio ← Force / W
    h2 ← h2old + (Force - W) / K
    T_out ← s0, 5
  dum ← 1
  (h2 T_out Force K i F_ratio)

```

Newton-Raphson
procedure to
determine
equilibrium
film thickness
at exit plane.

NOT a very accurate stiffness since changes in h2 may

j := 0..Ncases

$$U_j := U_{\min} + (U_{\max} - U_{\min}) \cdot \frac{j}{N_{\text{cases}}}$$

vector of surface speeds

```
Results := | h2 ← h2  
           | for j ∈ 0..Ncases  
           | | Results ← Find_filmT(h2, Uj, Tout, imax)  
           | | h2 ← Results0,0  
           | | Tout ← Results0,1  
           | | Rj ← Results  
           | return R
```

IMPORTANT:

Use prior values of
calculated h₂ and T_{out} for
next surface speed

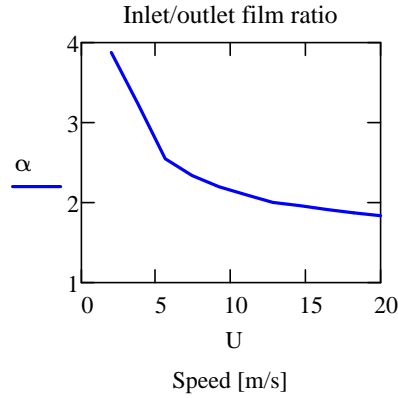
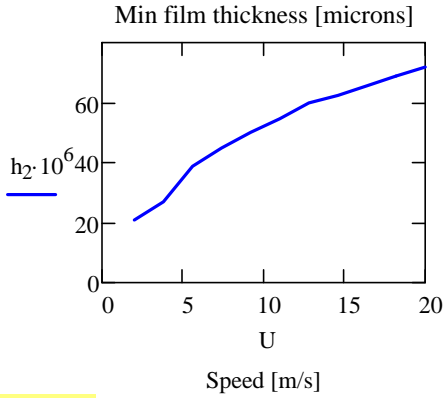
Iterative loop

Order results

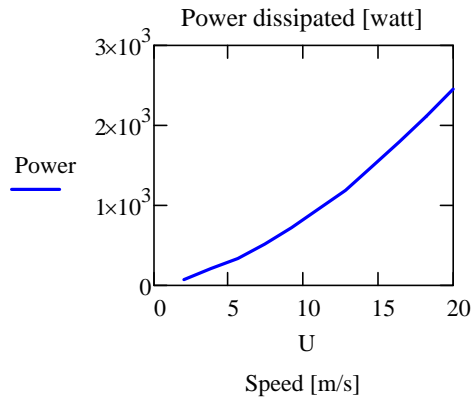
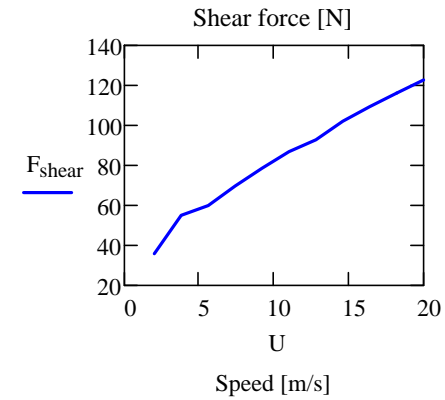
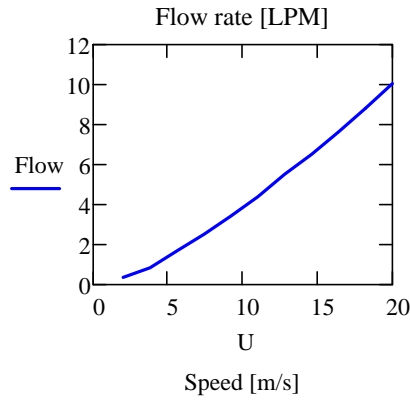
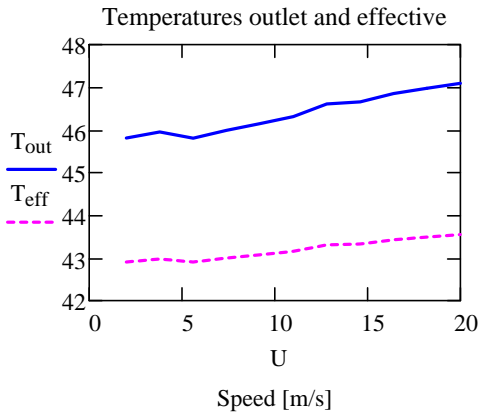
GRAPHS of bearing Performance versus runner speed.

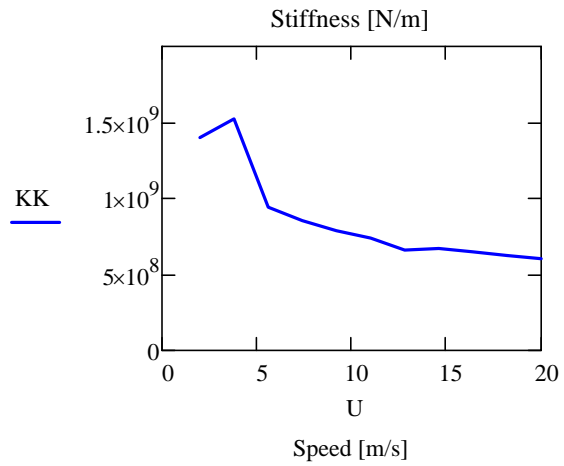
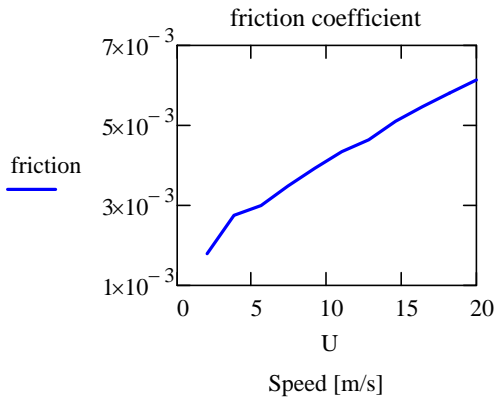
$W = 2 \times 10^4$ [N] - External Load

$\max(h_2) = 7.184 \times 10^{-5}$
 $\min(h_2) = 2.086 \times 10^{-5}$



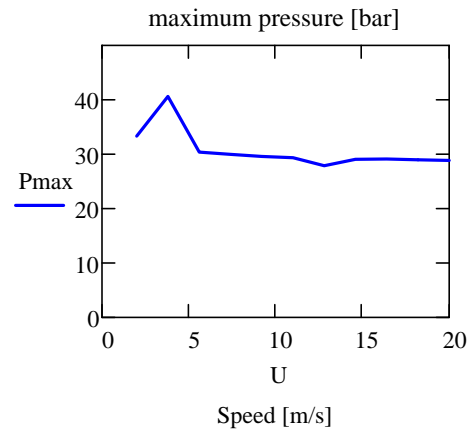
$T_{inlet} = 40$ [C]





$P_{spec} = 18.519$ [bar]

specific pressure = load/area



$i_{max} = 24$ iterations for convergence

